



सत्यमेव जयते

केंद्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील)

O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), CENTRAL TAX,

केंद्रीय कर भवन,

7th Floor, GST Building,

Near Polytechnic,

सातवीं मंजिल, पोलिटेकनिक के पास,

Ambavadi, Ahmedabad-380015

आम्बावाडी, अहमदाबाद-380015

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रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा

क फाइल संख्या : File No : V2(ST)01/EA-2/Ahd-South/2018-19
Stay Appl.No. /2017-18

5261705265

ख अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-EXCUS-001-APP-025-2018-19

दिनांक Date : 29-06-2018 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue 18/7/2018

श्री उमा शंकर आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित

Passed by Shri. Uma Shanker, Commissioner (Appeals)

ग Arising out of Order-in-Original No. MP/3888 to 3889/AC/2017-Reb दिनांक: 11.01.2018 issued by Assistant Commissionr, Div-III, Central Tax, Ahmedabad-South

घ अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address of the Appellant / Respondent
Ascent Finechem Ltd.
Ahmedabad

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील या पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

Any person a aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way :

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन :

Revision application to Government of India :

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली : 110001 को की जानी चाहिए।

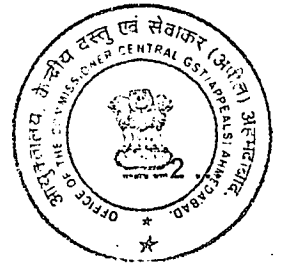
(i) A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :

(ii) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानि कारखाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रक्रिया के दौरान हुई हो।

(ii) In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(b) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।



(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।

(b) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

(c) In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं.2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

(d) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनांक से तीन मास के भीतर मूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ. का मुख्यशीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(2) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम हो तो रुपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

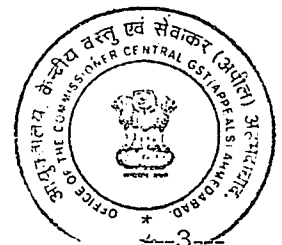
सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-

Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

(क) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद 2 (1) क में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में ओ-20, न्यू मैनटल हास्पिटल कम्पाउण्ड, मेघानी नगर, अहमदाबाद-380016

(a) To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at O-20, New Metal Hospital Compound, Meghani Nagar, Ahmedabad : 380 016. in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-2(i) (a) above.



The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

- (3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellate Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

- (4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूची-1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूल आदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रति पर रु.6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

- (5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

- (6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट), के प्रति अपील के मामले में कर्तव्य मांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवा कर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा "कर्तव्य की मांग"(Duty Demanded) -

- (i) (Section) खंड 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (ii) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशि;
- (iii) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि.

⇒ यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना में, अपील दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty alone is in dispute."



ORDER IN APPEAL

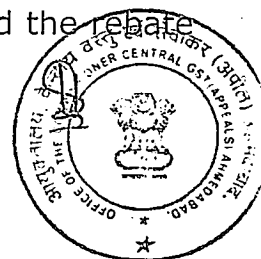
Revenue Department, CGST Ahmedabad South Commissionerate, Ahmedabad (*hereinafter referred to as 'appellants'*) have filed this present, have filed the present appeals against the Order-in-Original No. MP/3888 to 3889/ AC/2017-Reb dated 11.01.2018 (*hereinafter referred to as 'impugned orders'*) passed by the Asst. Commissioner, Central Tax, Div-III, Ahmedabad- South, GST Bhavan, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad (*hereinafter referred to as 'adjudicating authority'*) passed in respect of M/s Ascent Finchem Ltd., Plot No. 273/A, 273/B, 275/5/P/1 &2, GIDC, Vatva, Ahmedabad (*hereinafter referred to as 'respondent assessee'*).

2. The facts of the case, in brief are that respondent assessee has filed rebate claim of Rs. 16,89,262/- in respect of ARE-1 No. 20/17.06.2017 & 11/29.05.2017 under rule 18 of CER r/w Notification No. 19/2004- CE(NT) dated 06.09.2004. Adjudicating Authority sanctioned entire clai.

3. Being aggrieved with the impugned order, the appellant revenue preferred an appeal on 17.04.2018 before the Commissioner Appeals, CGST, GST Bhavan, Ambawadi, Ahmadabad wherein it is contended that so called export of goods namely Benzyle Aceton (5200 kg) valuing Rs. 16,06,928/- and Para Cresyl Penyl Acetate (550 kg) valuing Rs. 3,03,453/- can not be considered as export as no foreign currency is realized in this case and the goods were finally not exported. Therefore rebate amount of Rs. 2,54,249/- sanctioned out of claim of Rs. 16,89,262/- in respect of goods returned/rejected by buyer M/s Liuch Essence, Barcelona, Spain and subsequently re-imported amounts to erroneous sanctioned refund.

4. Personal hearing in the case was granted on 26.06.2018. Shree Amal P. Dave, Advocate representing respondent assessee appeared before me and reiterated the grounds of appeal. Learned Advocate submitted C.A. Certificate dated 06.06.2018 issued by Rahul Oza & Associates, Ahmedabad and submitted that after re-importation the CVD equivalent of rebate has been paid. Respondent also submitted written submission wherein it is contended that-

- a. In present case goods had already been exported and the rebate had been received after successful export of goods.



- b. The definition nowhere lays down any proposition that if goods have been exported and then re-imported later, then it would not be an export for the purpose of rule.
- c. Notification No. 94/96-Cus dated 16.12.1996 lays down condition for re-import of Exported goods. The said notification stipulates that if goods are exported under claim of rebate then during re-import the assessee is supposed to pay Basic Customs duty equivalent to the amount of rebate of Central Excise Duty availed at the time of export.
- d. In present case respondent has already paid back the amount of rebate availed during export in the form of equivalent Basic Customs Duty. CA certificate to that effect was submitted.

DISUSSION AND FINDINGS

5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case on records, grounds of appeal in the Appeal Memorandum and oral/written submissions made by the appellants, evidences produced at the time of personal hearing.

6. I have perused C.A. certificate where in it is stated that-

" The material re-imported vide Bill of Entry No. 4092862 dated 21.11.2017 was cleared after payment of excise duty rebate of Rs. 2,54,249/- granted vide order dated 11.01.2018 bearing number MP/3888 to 3889/ AC/2017-Reb. The said amount is reflected under the head of Basic Customs Duty in Bill of Entry dated 21.11.2017 for want of any other appropriate head."

7. I find that Notification No. 94/96-Cus dated 16.12.1996 lays down condition for re-import of Exported goods whereby only amount equivalent to rebate claimed at the time of exportation is required to be paid towards Basic Customs duty. I find that amount equivalent to rebate claimed at the time of exportation is paid towards Basic Customs duty at the time of re-import. The procedure as mentioned in Notification No. 94/96-Cus dated 16.12.1996 makes it very clear that the intention of the Government is not to burden re-import with Basic Customs duty exceeding the Export benefit availed. Paying back an



amount equivalent to the export benefits availed would neutralize the transaction and would cause no loss to the exchequer and the assessee. It is also to be noted that the respondent would not be able to take Cenvat Credit of Customs duty paid during re-import and thus there is no undue benefit which respondent is availing.

8. In view of above, appeal filed by the appellant revenue is rejected and impugned OIO is upheld.

9. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

9. The appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed off in above terms.

उमा शंकर

(उमा शंकर)

केन्द्रीय कर आयुक्त (अपील्स)

ATTESTED

R.R. Patel

(R.R. PATEL)

SUPERINTENDENT (APPEAL),

CENTRAL TAX, AHMEDABAD

To,

M/s Ascent Finchem Ltd.,

No. 273/A, 273/B, 275/5/P/1 & 2

GIDC, Vatva, Ahmedabad

COPY to:

- 1) The Chief Commissioner, Central Tax, Ahmedabad South .
- 2) The Commissioner Central Tax, CGST, Ahmedabad South.
- 3) The Asst. Commissioner, Central Tax, Div-III, Ahmedabad South
- 4) The Asst. Commissioner(System), Hq, Ahmedabad South.
- 5) ~~Guard File.~~
- 6) P.A. File.

